# 中華基督教會基朗中學 2021 中一自行收生面試指引

因應新型冠狀病毒的疫情仍有擴散風險,為減低疫症傳播,本校原定於3月20日星期六舉行的中一自行收 生面試將改以自行攝錄形式進行。

Due to the concerns of the spread of Coronavirus, the interview due to take place on March 20 will be cancelled. Meanwhile, you are invited to submit a less-than-5-minute video for selection and assessment.

本指引旨在說明申請人提交個人錄像檔案的具體方法,中文題目載於第3頁,英文題目則由第4頁開始。其他中一自行收生的安排請參閱《中一自行收生面試邀請信》及教育局有關中學學位分配辦法的公告。個人錄像內容包括以下兩部份:

This guideline will provide you with the submission methods and requirement of the videos concerned. The Chinese questions are attached in P.3 of this guideline, whereas English questions starting from P.4. In respect of other S1 admission information, please refer to the invitation letter of the interview and the latest updates issued by the Education Bureau on the General Information on Secondary School Allocation System (SSPA) System. In the videos, candidates are required to:

### (甲)中文個人短講,題目4選1,限時2分鐘(包括約15秒簡單中文自我介紹)及

(A) give a two-minute personal presentation in Chinese according to the instructions (including a fifteen-second self-introduction in Chinese) AND

### (乙) 英文書本介紹及篇章朗讀,編章題目4選1,限時3分鐘(包括約15秒簡單英文自我介紹)

(B) book sharing and read aloud an English article according to the instructions within three minutes.(including a fifteen-second self-introduction in English)

### 遞交期限 Deadline:

2021年3月15日中午12:00前,未能於限期內上載錄像的申請人其面試部分將不獲評分。

The videos should be submitted by 12:00 noon, 15 March 2021. If the videos are not submitted in due course, the interview performance of the applicant will not be assessed.

### 錄像檔案 About the Video File:

接受一般影像檔案(推薦使用.mp4),中文部分(2分鐘)及英文部分(3分鐘),分成2個檔案提交。檔案名稱以 基朗申請編號及A或B命名(如申請人基朗申請編號是008,中文個人短講錄像的檔案名稱應為008A,而英 文朗讀錄像的檔案名稱則應為008B)。每個檔案大小上限是500MB。錄像會以一般桌面電腦(Win10)或iPad 開啟。如檔案大於500MB或未能讀取錄像,申請人其面試部分將不獲評分。

We accept common video formats (.mp4 is recommended). The Chinese part (2 mins) and English part (3 mins) should be submitted in 2 separate video files. The file name should comprise your Kei Long Application No. and Part A or Part B (e.g. If the applicant has a Kei Long Application No. 008, his/her Chinese presentation video file should be named as 008A, whereas the English read-aloud file should be named as 008B). The upload limit for each file is 500MB. The video files will be opened by an ordinary PC(Win 10) or iPad. If the file exceeds the 500MB limit or cannot be opened, the interview performance will not be assessed.

# 遞交方式 (推薦使用方法一,以減省學校行政工作) Methods of submsission:

### 方法一 Method 1

透過下方的 Google Form 連結/QR code 上載錄像,並按表格指示提交個人資料。申請人必需使用一個 gmail 戶口登入。(每個檔案大小上限是 500MB)

Upload the files via the Google form link / QR code below. You may need to fill in some personal information in order to finish the procedure. All applicants are required to have a Gmail account to submit the files by this method.(The upload limit for each file is 500MB.)

https://forms.gle/Ms9dCko1Nbof4XMK8



### 方法二 Method 2

將錄像檔案或雲端連結電郵至 <u>fl.application@keilong.edu.hk</u>(注意電郵附件檔案大小只能在 50MB 以內)。電郵內請註明 貴子弟的中英文全名及基朗申請編號。

Submit the video files / the direct links to the concerned videos on cloud storage via email to <u>f1.application@keilong.edu.hk</u>. Please ensure that the FULL Chinese, English names and the Kei Long Application No. of the applicant are provided in the email. You should also be aware that the size of the attachment file should not exceed 50MB.

### 方法三 Method 3

將錄像檔案存於 USB 記憶棒內,郵寄或親身遞交到本校,信封面請註明「中一自行收生面試」,信 封內則同時夾附《中一自行收生面試邀請信》的副本,以茲識別。而遞交的 USB 記憶棒將不會退 還。

Submit the files by storing them in a USB flash drive. The flash drive together with a copy of the invitation letter of the interview (for identification purpose) can be submitted to school by post or in person. An envelope should be used to contain the flash drive and the document. Please mark "Application for Secondary One Discretionary Places" on the envelope. All submitted USB flash drive will not be returned to the applicant.

### 聲明 Declaration

所有收取之文件只作甄選 2021 中一自行分配學位之用,所有申請表及附件,

恕不退還,不獲學位人士的資料將於派位結果公布三個月後銷毀。

All the personal data collected will solely be used for application for 2021 Secondary One Discretionary Places. Application form and attached documents of the form will not be returned. Personal data on an unsuccessful candidate will normally be destroyed 3 months after the release of allocation results.

# 甲部、中文個人短講

請在以下四條題目中選取一條,用不超過兩分鐘時間作個人短講。錄影開始時,請用約15秒作簡 單自我介紹(只需介紹姓名及現在就讀學校):

1. 在學校上課和網上實時課堂,你較喜歡哪種學習模式?為什麼?

2. 在「停課不停學」期間,你的生活有什麼改變?請說明其內容。

3. 如果讓你從電腦、手提電話和電視中選擇放棄其中一樣,你會選哪樣?為甚麼?

4. 政府《財政預算案》宣布向市民派發「電子消費券」代替「派錢」,試談談你的看法。

# **Section B**

You are given **THREE** minutes to finish <u>**TWO**</u> tasks. Videotape <u>**BOTH**</u> tasks. The tasks are as follows:

#### Task 1 Self-introduction and sharing a book: (1.5 minutes)

- ① Introduce yourself
- <sup>②</sup> Share an English book you have read recently.

### Task 2 Read aloud: (1.5 minutes)

There are four passages for you to choose (Please refer to P. 2-5). Pick <u>ONE</u> and read it within 1.5 minutes. It doesn't matter if you cannot finish reading the whole passage in 1 minute and 30 seconds.

### \*Notes to applicants:

① If you record the two tasks separately, please ensure you have combined them into <u>ONE SINGLE</u> video before submission.

# The World of Rodents

Rodents are mammals with two pairs of incisors. They use these sharp front teeth for gnawing food and other objects. Rodents' incisors keep growing throughout their lives so they have to spend a lot of time gnawing on hard objects to wear them down. They are found in huge numbers in every part of the world except Antarctica. More than half of the earth's mammal population belongs to the rodent family, which includes about 1,500 different species.

Most rodents are small. The house mouse, for example, is only about 8 cm long and weighs around 20 grams. But some species grow much larger. The largest rodent is the capybara of South America, which is about 1.3 metres long and weighs more than 45 kilograms.

Squirrels are rodents with long bush tails. They are found on all continents except Australia and Antarctica. They are known for their quick movements and they make great leaps between the branches of trees. Most squirrels feed on acorns, nuts, seeds and bark.

Beavers are short-legged rodents that grow to about one metre in length. They are very skilled builders. They build dome-shaped homes called lodges out of sticks and mud. They also use branches, stones and mud to build dams to create a pond of calm water for their homes. Beavers are excellent swimmers and can hold their breath to swim underwater for up to 15 minutes.

To protect themselves, Porcupines have sharp quills on their backs, which they raise if they are attacked by other animals. These quills are about 7.5 cm long and some porcupines have as many as 30,000 of them. Many people believe that porcupines can shoot their quills at attackers, but this is not true.

Source: The English Corner; Issue 16.04

# Agatha Christie – Queen of Crime Fiction

Agatha Christie is one of the most accomplished and renowned writers of crime and detective stories. In a writing career spanning over half a century, she produced an incredible collection of 66 detective novels and 15 short story compilations, plus several plays and romantic novels. Her books have been translated into 103 different languages and only the works of William Shakespeare and the Bible have sold more copies.

Many of Christie's stories have been made into movies and adapted for television, radio, comics and video games. In addition, the play *The Mousetrap* is the longest running play in history. It opened at the Ambassadors Theatre in London's West End on November 25, 1952 and has been running continuously since then.

Agatha's first book, *The Mysterious Affair at Styles*, was published in 1920. It introduced readers to Hercule Poirot, a Belgian detective with a talent for discovering hidden clues.

Nearly all Agatha Christie's books are detective stories that give readers clues about the crime committed before the truth is revealed in the final chapter. Her stories typically follow a pattern. First, the detective stumbles across a murder or is requested by an old friend to investigate a case. The detective interrogates each suspect and examines the crime scene. A second murder often occurs about halfway through the book, as the murderer seeks to silence someone who has discovered his or her identity.

Agatha Christie's ability to create a tense atmosphere and build up suspense is what made her detective novels so popular. Known as the Queen of Crime, she received numerous awards during her lifetime. In 1971, she was appointed Dame Commander of the Order of the British Empire (DBE) for her valuable contribution to literature.

Source: The English Corner, Issue 16.07

# Passage 3

## Tornadoes

Also called a twister, a tornado is an intense rotating column of air extending from a thunderstorm cloud down to the ground. With wind speeds of up to 480 kilometres per hour, violent tornadoes can cause tremendous destruction. They can uproot trees, hurl vehicles for hundreds of metres, tear the roofs off houses and destroy large buildings.

Tornadoes occur in different shapes and sizes. Some appear as wide funnel-shaped clouds while others look like thin rope-like swirls stretching from the ground to the sky. A tornado occurring over water is called a waterspout.

Most tornadoes last for less than 10 minutes but in extreme cases, they can continue for hours. On March 18, 1925, the Tri-State Tornado lasted 3.5 hours and travelled 352 kilometres from southeastern Missouri through Illinois and into southwestern Indiana.

Tornadoes have been observed on all continents except Antarctica. They are particularly common in North America, Europe and East Asia in the spring and summer. On April 26, 1989, a deadly tornado hit the Dhaka region of Bangladesh, killing over 3,000 people and injuring 12,000. More than 80,000 people were left homeless.

The United States is the country most frequently hit by powerful tornadoes, followed by Canada. Tornadoes commonly occur in the central part of the U.S., in an area known as Tornado Alley, which stretches from northern Taxes to South Dakota and from Missouri to the Rocky Mountains. Over 12,000 tornadoes are reported in the U.S. every year.

Source: The English Corner; Issue 16.02

# Passage 4

# What happens when we are asleep?

Sleep is essential to our health, regardless of age or gender. Teenagers need at least eight hours of uninterrupted sleep each night for their mind and body to be rejuvenated.

Sleep has been extensively researched over the years and scientists now have a fairly good understanding of it. There are two states of sleep, non-rapid eye movement sleep (NREM) and rapid eye movement (REM) sleep. Much of our sleep, around 75 and 80 per cent, is the NREM state. Throughout the night, sleep follows a pattern of NREM and REM in a cycle repeated roughly every 90 to 110 minutes. Most people typically go through four to five sleep cycles every night.

Each cycle consists of four separate stages of sleep. The first stage is light NREM sleep, when the sleeper may be easily woken up. This is followed by deeper NREM sleep, when the body temperature begins to drop and the heart rate slows down. This stage comprises approximately 40% to 60% of total sleep time.

The deepest NREM sleep occurs in the third stage, which accounts for 5% to 15% of total sleep time. In the fourth and final stage, the brain starts to resume activity and the sleeper enters REM sleep. This is when sleepers experience their most vivid dreams. If you watch people sleeping in this stage, you will see their eyes moving from side to side beneath closed eyelids.

If we do not have enough sleep, our body had insufficient time to complete all the processes needed to relax the muscles, revitalize the brain and produce hormones that repair cells and control the use of body energy. Without enough sleep, we are not fully prepared to concentrate, make decisions or engage in school and social activities.

Source: The English Corner; Issue 16.01